

**SYSTEMIC RACISM REVIEW COMMITTEE
THE CITY AND BOROUGH OF JUNEAU, ALASKA**

September 28, 2021 12:00 PM

Zoom Webinar

Zoom Webinar <https://juneau.zoom.us/j/92303909454> or: 1-253-215-8782 Webinar ID:
923 0390 9454

AGENDA

I. CALL TO ORDER

II. ROLL CALL

III. APPROVAL OF AGENDA

IV. APPROVAL OF MINUTES

V. PUBLIC PARTICIPATION

VI. AGENDA TOPICS

VII. ITEMS FOR ACTION

A. Ordinance 2021-42 An Ordinance Reestablishing the City & Borough of Juneau COVID-19 Mitigation Strategies and Providing for a Penalty

Ordinance 2021-42 was introduced at the September 13, 2021 Regular Assembly Meeting and is up for Public Hearing at a Special Assembly Meeting on September 29, 2021.

VIII. ITEMS FOR DISCUSSION

A. Foundations Training - Major CBJ Plans

IX. COMMITTEE MEMBER / LIAISON COMMENTS AND QUESTIONS

X. NEXT MEETING DATE

A. October 12, 2021 @ 12pm via Zoom

XI. ADJOURNMENT

ADA accommodations available upon request: Please contact the Clerk's office 36 hours prior to any meeting so arrangements can be made for closed captioning or sign language interpreter services depending on the meeting format. The Clerk's office telephone number is 586-5278, TDD 586-5351, e-mail: city.clerk@juneau.org

Systemic Racism Review Committee
Legislative Review Summary
Final Version

Serial Number/Title: 2021-42, An Ordinance Reestablishing the City and Borough of Juneau COVID-19 Mitigation Strategies and Providing for a Penalty

Introduced: 9/13/21 Public Hearing Date: 9/29/21 SRRC Review Date: 9/28/21

Presented By: R. Barr / R. Palmer Drafted By: R. Palmer

Department/Division: Manager's Office Lead Staff Contact: M. Cosgrove / R. Barr

Purpose of Legislation (background/summary of intent):

The CBJ COVID-19 Mitigation Strategies are a matrix of behavioral recommendations and requirements, tied to various risk levels and risk indicators, that are intended to:

- 1) Reduce and prevent the transmission of SARS-CoV-2, the virus that causes COVID-19.
- 2) Prevent our local medical system from getting overwhelmed, enabling them to respond to local medical needs with a high standard of care.
- 3) Prevent our local public health system from getting overwhelmed, enabling them to perform contact tracing at levels that support containment and reduced spread.

At each level of risk, the mitigation strategies contain recommendations in the following categories:

- Masking / Social Distancing
- Large Gatherings
- Restaurants, Bars
- Personal Services, Gyms
- Travel

At low levels of risk, the mitigation strategies lean towards recommendations rather than requirements. As risk escalates, the strategies follow suit. The most commonly cited example is that masking in public places becomes a requirement when the “high” or “level 3” level of risk is reached.

The full list of mitigation strategies is available [here](#).

Connection to existing legislation:

The Mitigation Strategies were previously reestablished under Emergency Ordinance 2021-33(am), Ordinance 2021-22, Emergency Ordinance 2021-11(am), and Emergency Ordinance 2020-52. They were originally established by Emergency Ordinance 2020-46.

Connection to adopted planning documents:

The CBJ operations under the Incident Command System (ICS), a common framework for emergency response within all levels of government as well as in the private sector. The ICS framework is outlined in the [CBJ Emergency Operations Plan](#).

Step One: What is the impact of the proposed legislation?

- a. Does the proposed legislation negatively impact or unduly advantage a particular racial/ethnic group or otherwise perpetuate systemic racism?
If No, review is completed. If yes, go on to the next question:

YES	NO

- b. Does the legislation work to mitigate and/or eliminate structural racism
If Yes, review is completed. If No, or Undetermined, continue through the remaining steps.

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Step Two: How does the legislation perpetuate systemic racism?

- a. What are potential unintended consequences?
b. What benefits may result?
c. What is the potential long term impact of the proposed legislation?

Details:

- d. What quantitative and qualitative evidence of inequality exists?

Details:

- e. What steps has the department or legislation sponsor taken to notify those impacted of the proposed changes?
f. Have key stakeholders who could be potentially impacted by the proposed legislation been engaged?

Details:

- g. Has public input been received?
h. If public comment has been received, what is the substance of that comment?

Details: The public has had extensive opportunities to comment on this legislation due to the length of the COVID-19 pandemic and the number of times this legislation has been re-established by the Assembly. The CBJ has had an email address stood up for over a year, covidquestions@juneau.org, where many questions and comments have been submitted and answered. The overall substance of the comment has been varied – some support, some opposition, and some back and forth around the facts, information, and misinformation associated with the COVID-19 pandemic.

Step Three: Who is affected by the Proposed Legislation?

- a. Who are the impacted group(s)?

☒ White ☒ Black or African American ☒ American Indian or Alaska Native
☒ Asian ☒ Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander ☒ Two or more races ☒ Other
- b. Are there impacts on specific geographic areas?

Race Considerations - Total Community is 69.7% White Only - 30.3% Minority								Economic Considerations	
Census Tract/Block Groups	Minority Pop.		Census Tract/Block Groups	Minority Pop.		Census Tract/Block Groups	Minority Pop.	Elementary School Boundaries	
CT 1: Auke Bay/Out the Road			CT 3: Mendenhall Valley Airport/ East Valley			CT 5: Downtown		Gastineau	Title 1
BG1: Out the road	11.9%		BG1: N. of Jennifer	42.5%		BG 1: Highlands	20.6%	Harborview	Title 1
BG2: Lena area	15.5%		BG 2: Glacier Valley S	39.8%		BG2: DT/Starr Hill	24.8%	Glacier Valley	Title 1
BG3: Montanna Creek	14.5%		BG 3: Airport	40.8%		BG 3: Flats/Village	30.8%	Mendenhall River	
BG4: Fritz Cove area	10.1%		BG 4: Radcliffe	24.6%				Riverbend	Title 1
								Auke Bay	
CT 2: Mendenhall Valley withn the Loop			CT 4: Salmon Creek/Lemon Creek			CT 5: Douglas Island		Lower Income Housing Areas	
BG1: Mendenhall Taki	27.8%		BG 1: DZ/Freds	60.9%		BG 1: North Douglas	15.9%	Chinook/Coho	
BG2: Upper Riverside	23.1%		BG 2: Davis	45.0%		BG 2: West Juneau	28.0%	Cedar Park Area	
BG 3: Portage/McGinr	33.7%		BG 3: Belardi Costco	63.8%		BG 3: Crow Hill/ DT D	27.6%	Gruening Park Area	
BG 4: Long Run	19.6%		BG 4: Twin Lakes	25.9%				Switzer Area	
BG 5:Glacierwood/Vir	41.2%							Kodzhoff Area	
								Douglas Hwy Corridor	

- c. Is there a benefit to a specific census block district/neighborhood/school zone?
If Yes, does it come at the detriment of another?

Details:

YES	NO

- d. Is there a benefit to an individual, group of individuals, or business/organization?
If yes, does that come at a detriment of others?

Details:

Step Four: What solutions could remedy the legislation's implications in perpetuating systemic racism? Check all that apply:

☐	Recommend additional public input be gathered (Neighborhood/census block meetings, assembly/ committee meetings)
☐	Recommend that the legislation move forward with accountability measures (sunset provisions, 6 mo./annual review of impacts/implications for system racism.) to monitor impact.
☐	Propose revised language to strengthen the legislation or the legislation or regulations cross-referenced within the proposed legislation.
☐	Recommend the proposed legislation not move forward.
☐	Other: (explain)

Step Five: Further Feedback to the Assembly on systemic racism implications

The SRRC will forward to the Assembly any additional questions that arose during the legislation review that the committee feels may be important for the Assembly to consider.

If a systemic racism implication is identified, the SRRC will provide a written report to the Assembly that includes consideration of the provisions below:

- What are the indicators and progress benchmarks?
- Program strategies?
- Policy Strategies?
- Partnership Strategies?

Presented by: The Manager
Presented: 09/13/2021
Drafted by: R. Palmer III

ORDINANCE OF THE CITY AND BOROUGH OF JUNEAU, ALASKA

Serial No. 2021-42

An Ordinance Reestablishing the City and Borough of Juneau COVID-19 Mitigation Strategies and Providing for a Penalty.

WHEREAS, COVID-19 is a respiratory disease that can result in serious illness or death and is caused by the SARS-Cov-2 virus (“virus”), a new strain of the coronavirus that has not been previously identified in humans and is easily transmittable person to person; and

WHEREAS, on March 11, 2020, the World Health Organization (“WHO”) declared the virus a pandemic; and

WHEREAS, on March 13, 2020, President Donald J. Trump declared a national emergency in response to the virus pandemic; and

WHEREAS, on March 22, 2020, the City and Borough of Juneau (“CBJ”) received its first positive case of COVID-19; and

WHEREAS, Alaska continues to experience COVID-19 outbreaks and multiple regions in Alaska are at moderate or high alert levels; and

WHEREAS, while more community members are getting vaccinated for COVID, children under 12 are not eligible for vaccines, and variants of concern (Alpha/B.1.1.7, Beta/B.1.351, Gamma/P1, and Delta/B.1.617.2/AY.1) including the highly transmittable Delta variant have been detected in Juneau; and

WHEREAS, Southeast Alaska has seen a resurgence of COVID-19 outbreaks, including the highly transmittable Delta variant that is resulting in a significant increase in positive cases; and

WHEREAS, the average new COVID-19 positive cases per day is the highest it has been in the CBJ since the pandemic started: August (avg. 21 new cases per day) and September (24 cases new cases per day); and

WHEREAS, as of September 9, 2021 the overall community risk level is 3 (High); and

WHEREAS, other communities in the country and Alaska, including Anchorage, have experienced recent and sudden demands on healthcare services that resulted in a relatively permanent insufficiency of healthcare services that has endangered the public; and

WHEREAS, the existing COVID-19 Mitigation Strategies were reestablished with Emergency Ordinance 2021-33am and currently expire on October 31, 2021; and

WHEREAS, upon balancing the economic impacts and the personal impacts of whether to reestablish the COVID-19 Mitigation Strategies given the current circumstances, the public health and welfare is best served by reestablishing the COVID-19 Mitigation Strategies beyond October 31, 2021; and

WHEREAS, the updated COVID-19 Mitigation Strategies continue to provide structure and certainty as the community balances the needs to mitigate harm from COVID-19 and its evolving variants and keep the economy open; and

WHEREAS, any business or facility is free to require masks at their business or facility.

THEREFORE BE IT ENACTED BY THE ASSEMBLY OF THE CITY AND BOROUGH OF JUNEAU, ALASKA:

Section 1. Classification. This ordinance is a noncode ordinance.

Section 2. Reserved.

Section 3. COVID-19 Mitigation Strategies.

(a) **Adoption.** The City and Borough of Juneau COVID-19 Mitigation Strategies identified in Exhibit A are adopted.

(b) **Determination of Incident Risk Level.** The Manager is authorized to determine which Incident Risk Level best fits the City and Borough of Juneau based on a comprehensive range of public health factors related to COVID-19.

(c) **Public Notice.** The Manager shall conspicuously identify the Incident Risk Level on the City and Borough of Juneau's webpage and widely distribute public notice when the level changes.

(d) **Exemptions.**

(1) **Exemption Request.** An entity or person may request an exemption from the COVID-19 Mitigation Strategies by submitting a site specific COVID-19 Mitigation Plan to the CBJ Emergency Operations Center by emailing covidquestions@juneau.org. The Emergency Operations Center may issue an exemption if the COVID-19 Mitigation Plan has sufficient measures and policies to mitigate the spread of COVID-19 in light of the Incident Risk Level.

(2) **Public Records.** All exemption requests, communication, and responses are presumptively public records. If an entity or person requests that the City and Borough of Juneau withhold any information contained in your COVID-19 Mitigation Plan from public release because the information is protected under AS 40.25.120(a), you must submit the following information with the request:

- (A) Identify each set of discrete information that the entity or person asserts is confidential;
- (B) Identify each specific legal authority that the entity or person asserts applies to each such set of information; and
- (C) For each such set of information, explain why the entity or person asserts the information is confidential based on each legal authority the entity or person asserts applies to that information.

Should the City and Borough of Juneau receive a request for records under the Public Records Act applicable to any item marked confidential, the City and Borough of Juneau should notify the person or entity asserting confidentiality as soon as practicable prior to making any disclosure. The person or entity asserting confidentiality acknowledges it has five (5) calendar days after receipt of notice to notify the City and Borough of Juneau of its objection to any disclosure, and to file any action with any competent court to protect its interests. Should the person or entity asserting confidentiality fail to notify the City and Borough of Juneau of its objection or fail to file suit within five (5) calendar days, the CBJ may disclose the records.

(e) **Reserved. Violation.** A person who violates a mitigation strategy in Exhibit A shall be subject to a civil fine not to exceed \$25.00 per violation, which shall be considered incorporated into CBJC 03.30.070(a); payment of the civil fine shall be accepted in satisfaction of the violation; and the violation shall be subject to CBJC 03.30.070(b)-(c) and CBJC 03.30.075-03.30.085. In addition to a civil fine, the City and Borough of Juneau may use all available civil enforcement options (i.e. injunction, revocation of certificate of occupancy, civil lawsuit, etc.) to assure compliance with this ordinance.

(f) **Amendments.** The Manager shall keep Exhibit A consistent with Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) guidance and present the revisions to Exhibit A at regular or special Assembly meetings for ratification.

(g) **Mask or Face Covering Mandate.**

(1) **Requirement.** All individuals must wear a mask or a face covering over their nose and mouth (i) as provided for in Exhibit A; (ii) when using public transportation, like Capital Transit; and (iii) when entering an area that is posted requiring use of a mask or face covering. This ordinance is subject to the conditions and exceptions stated below.

(2) **Face Shield.** A face shield is generally not permitted in lieu of a mask or face covering because face shields are less effective in stopping the spread of COVID-19. However, a face shield may be permitted in lieu of a mask or face covering for the following individuals, who must wear a face shield whenever a mask or face covering would be required unless it is impossible to do so:

(A) Any individual who cannot tolerate a mask due to a physical or mental disability;

(B) Individuals who are communicating with someone who is deaf or hard of hearing; or

(C) Individuals performing an activity that cannot be conducted or safely conducted while wearing a mask (for example a driver experiencing foggy glasses, a dental patient receiving care, or an equipment operator where there is a risk of dangerous entanglement).

(3) **Employment.** Employers are responsible to make sure employees who are present in the workplace have access to and wear masks or face coverings as required by this ordinance.

(4) **Exceptions.** This ordinance does not apply to the following categories of people or activities:

(A) Any child under the age of 2 years. These very young children should not wear a face covering because of the risk of suffocation. Additionally, masks are recommended, but not required for children ages 2-5. Daycare settings that serve preschool children are encouraged but not required to enforce mask usage for children age 2 and older.

(B) Individuals who are incarcerated, in police custody, or inside a courtroom; these individuals should follow guidance particular to their location or institution.

- (C) Musicians, presenters, ministers, and others communicating to an audience or being recorded, for the duration of their presentation/practice/performance where mask usage impairs communication, and so long as safe physical distancing is maintained.
- (D) Individuals removing their mask or face covering to eat, drink, or briefly scratch an itch.
- (E) Employees within their own fully enclosed office or workspace, and employees within an unenclosed workspace if they are totally alone.
- (F) Individuals doing high intensity exercise outdoors.

(5) **Denial of Service.** A person violating this ordinance is prohibited from entering, occupying, or remaining in the setting in which a mask or face covering is required. Provided, however, that this ordinance shall be applied in a manner consistent with the Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) and any other applicable provision of law. Businesses and the City Manager for City and Borough of Juneau facilities, may choose to allow individuals who request an accommodation under the ADA to wear a face shield, or may consider accommodating these individuals through alternative means of providing goods or services, such as curbside, delivery, or telephonic service.

(6) **Proof of Medical Reason or Disability.** If a person declines to wear a mask or face covering because of a medical condition or disability as described above, this ordinance does not require them to produce medical documentation verifying the stated condition or disability.

(7) **Additional City and Borough of Juneau Facility Provision.**

- (A) **Notice.** The City Manager is required to identify and conspicuously post notices for those City and Borough of Juneau public facilities or areas of public facilities in which people are required to wear a mask or face covering. The Manager should post face covering notices in public facilities and areas of public facilities in which maintaining six feet separation between people is difficult or where there are insufficient physical barriers to keep people six feet apart.
- (B) **Provision of Face Covering.** For people who cannot afford or locate a face covering, the Manager shall make a face covering available on every Capital Transit bus and at any facility owned by the City and Borough of Juneau that requires a mask or face covering.

(8) **Definitions.**

- (A) "Mask" means a medical grade mask (i.e. N95).

(B) "Face covering" means a cloth, polypropylene, paper, or other face covering that covers the nose and the mouth and that rests snugly above the nose, below the mouth, and on the sides of the face. The following are not face coverings because they allow droplets to be released: a covering with a valve designed to facilitate easy exhalation; mesh masks; lace masks; other coverings with openings, holes, or visible gaps in the design or material.

(C) "Face shield" means a clear plastic shield that covers the forehead, extends below the chin, and wraps around the sides of the face.

Section 4. Repeal of Ordinance 2021-33am. Ordinance 2021-33am is repealed.

Section 5. Effective Date. This ordinance shall be effective 30 days after its adoption. This ordinance expires at 12:01 a.m. on June 1, 2022, unless terminated earlier by the Assembly by motion.

Adopted this ____ day of _____, 2021.

Beth A. Weldon, Mayor

Attest:

Elizabeth J. McEwen, Municipal Clerk

**Exhibit A - Emergency Ord. 2021-42
COVID-19 Mitigation Strategies**

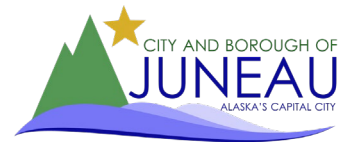
Community Risk Level	Masks / Social Distancing	Large Gatherings	Restaurants, Bars	Personal Services, Gyms	Travel
Fully Open: > than 97% of the population are able to be fully vaccintaed.	No restrictions in place. Recommended masking and testing if displaying any COVID like symptoms if interacting with unvaccinated or vulnerable populations.				
Minimal	If not fully vaccinated, masks/face coverings must be worn indoors in public areas and outdoors at crowded outdoor events (e.g. live performance, parade, sports event)	Indoor gatherings should be limited to the number of participants that will allow 6 ft of social distancing to be maintained if individuals who are not fully vaccinated are present. Masks must be worn indoors by individuals who are not fully vaccinated.	If not fully vaccinated, patrons must wear masks when not actively eating or drinking. Recommend capacity restrictions that allow 6 ft of social distancing between parties.	If not fully vaccinated, masks/face coverings must be worn indoors in public areas. Recommend capacity restrictions that allow 6 ft of social distancing between individuals.	Follow State Health Advisories
Moderate	If not fully vaccinated, masks/face coverings must be worn indoors in public areas and outdoors at crowded outdoor events (e.g. live performance, parade, sports event). If fully vaccinated, masking is highly recommended in indoor public areas. Limit social interactions.	Indoor gatherings should be limited to 50* people with safety measures (masks required). Outdoor gatherings are recommended. There are no size limits if all individuals at the gathering are fully vaccinated, masking is highly recommended.	If not fully vaccinated, patrons must wear masks when not actively eating or drinking. Bars not to exceed 50% indoor capacity. Strongly recommend restaurants reduce capacity to ensure physical distancing between parties, recommend reservations required. Recommend delivery/ curbside pick up if allowed by law.	Personal Services by appointment only, reduce waiting room capacity to 50%. Gyms limit capacity to 50%. Gyms limit indoor group classes to full vaccinated individuals only.	Follow State Health Advisories
High	Masks/Face coverings must be worn indoors and outdoors in public areas where 6ft of social distancing cannot be maintained. Keep social bubble contained to family members.	Indoor gatherings should be limited to 20* people with safety measures (masks required). Outdoor gatherings with 6ft distancing recommended. There are no size limits if all individuals at the gathering are fully vaccinated.	Bars and Restaurants reduce capacity to ensure at least 6 feet of physical distancing between parties and not to exceed 50% with reservations / contact list required. Delivery/curbside pickup if allowed by law. Bars and restaurants closed at 11:00 pm.	Personal Services by appointment only, no waiting areas. Gyms limit capacity to 50%. Gyms limit indoor group classes to full vaccinated individuals only.	Follow State Health Advisories
Very High	Masks/Face coverings required outside the home. Residents are required to stay at home except as needed for groceries, medical care, and essential workforce needs.	Outdoor gatherings limited to no more than 10 people with proper social distancing. Indoor communal events not allowed.	Restaurants and bars limited to delivery and curbside pickup if allowed by law.	Personal Services and Gyms closed.	Follow State Health Advisories

CBJ Major Plans

Systemic Racism Review Committee

Foundations Training

September 28, 2021



Policy Plans

COMPREHENSIVE PLANS give broad, overall policy direction.

2013 CBJ Comprehensive Plan

FUNCTIONAL PLANS give specific direction for a topic.

Functional Plans Adopted by Ordinance:

~~2009 Juneau Municipal Master Plan~~

2009 Juneau
Non-Motorized
Transportation Plan

2012 Municipal Drinking
Water Supply Plan

2014 Wireless Commu-
nications Master Plan

2015 Juneau Economic
Development Plan

Functional Plans Adopted by Resolution:

2011 Juneau Climate Action
& Implementation Plan

2014 CBJ Transit
Development Plan

2015 Juneau Coordinated
Human Services Transpor-
tation Plan

2016 Housing
Action Plan

2018 Juneau Renewa-
ble Energy Strategy

2019 Parks and
Recreation Master Plan

AREA-SPECIFIC PLANS give specific direction for an area.

Area Specific Plans Adopted by Ordinance:

1981 Downtown
Historic District
Development Plan

1992 Watershed
Control Program—
Salmon Creek

1994 Last Chance
Basin Land
Management Plan

1994 Watershed Control and
Wellhead Protection Pro-
gram—Gold Creek Source

1997 Chapter 6 of the
West Douglas
Conceptual Plan

2004 Long Range
Waterfront Plan

2010 Downtown Park-
ing Management Plan

2012 Chapter 5 of the
Willoughby District
Land Use Plan

2015 Auke Bay
Area Plan

2017 Lemon Creek
Area Plan

**Blueprint
Downtown**

Implementation Actions

**City and Borough
of Juneau
Municipal Code**

**Capital
Improvement
Projects**

**Policies guide the
Assembly and
Boards and Com-
missions on Land
Use Decisions**

Purpose & Types of Plans

Plans are used to help guide long term decision making and fiscal investment.

Policy Plans

Functional Plans

Area Plans

Public Process & Plan Adoption

- All plans go through extensive public process prior to reaching the Assembly. This may include:
 - Community meetings
 - Neighborhood meetings
 - Focus Groups
 - Community Surveys
 - Enterprise Board review and work
- Once at the Assembly level, plans go through committee work sessions prior to a Regular Assembly Meeting.
- The Assembly approves plans either by ordinance or resolution
 - By Ordinance means the plan is specific to how it is carried out.
 - By Resolution means the plan is a guideline for implementation

Comprehensive Plan

Contents

The Comprehensive Plan is a long-range blueprint to guide the growth, development, and conservation of resources within the community over a 20 year period. It incorporates input from diverse sectors of the community. The Plan embodies both a long term vision of where we are going as well as concrete policies and actions to get us there. It is used to guide CBJ staff, elected officials and their appointed Boards and Commissions in shaping a better community through allocation of resources in ways that reflect the community's aspirations, values, and needs. Adopted by Res. 11/2013

Public Process

- Plan developed with the assistance of consultants.
- Numerous community meetings as plan is developed
- Additional opportunities for public process during Planning Commission and Assembly work sessions.
- Public hearing prior to adoption.

Capital Project Plan (CIP)

Contents

- Produced as part of the Budget Process
- Is a 6 year rolling planning document that is updated yearly.
- Only the current fiscal year is funded.
- May include projects that are poeitized for the year, but have no clear funding source.
- Includes streets, utilities, major maintenance on existing facilities, new construction, enterprise department priorities

Public Process

- Chief CIP Engineer requests updates internally.
- Enterprise department priorities go through their board process which includes public meetings.
- Draft plan is submitted to the Planning Commission for review and comments.
- Draft plan is submitted to Public Works and Facilities for review and comment.
- Draft plan goes through the Assembly budget process for review, revision and funding discussion.

Major Functional Plans

Housing Action Plan

The Housing Action Plan was created as an outgrowth of the Juneau Economic Plan. ([Juneau Housing Action Plan – Final](#)). The Housing Action Plan includes 66 strategies and lists an overall goal of developing 1,980 newly constructed units for all-housing types by the 30-year mark. (66 annual)

Adopted by Res. 12/19/2016

Juneau Economic Development Plan

The Juneau Economic Plan (JEP), provides a 10-year economic development road map for Juneau. The JEP is the result of the CBJ Assembly desire to position the community on a path of increasing economic resiliency and prosperity.

Adopted by Ordinance 2/23/2015

Major Functional Plans

Land Management Plan

The Land Management Plan provides a systematic overview of all CBJ owned lands across the borough. The plan identifies the major purpose of each parcel, the status of who manages the land, and whether the parcel should be retained or identified for disposal.

Adopted by Ordinance 4/6/2016

Parks & Recreation Master Plan

The P&R Master plan is used to guide future decisions to provide the highest possible quality Parks & Recreation facilities, programs and services for all regardless of age, income, or ability.

Adopted by Res. In 2019

Functional Plans Continued

Coordinated Human Services Transportation Plan

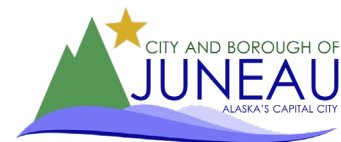
The Coordinated Human Services Transportation Plan identifies current barriers to services faced by seniors, people with disabilities, and low income populations in Juneau and explores potential strategies and future projects to address those barriers. One of the purposes of the plan is to lay out strategies to address gaps in transportation services provided to underserved populations who use public transportation for traveling to and from work.

Adopted by Res. 11/23/2020

2014 CBJ Transit Development Plan

Transit services are periodically reviewed to ensure they are effectively bringing people where they need to go. A Transit Development Plan (TDP) is performed about every five years. As with other TDPs, this update was performed to evaluate how well Capital Transit and Care-A-Van are serving existing population, employment and activity centers in the community, as well as the overall productivity and effectiveness of individual bus routes.

Adopted by Res. 2/13/2014



Area Plans

Area plans are used to identify specific needs in neighborhoods and park areas. Examples include:

Lemon Creek Area Plan

Blueprint Downtown

Long Range Waterfront Plan

Trails Master Plan

Fish Creek Management Area Master Plan

Dimond Park Master Plan

Adair-Kennedy Master Plan

- Land use plans can be found here:
<https://juneau.org/community-development/plans-studies>

- Parks & Recreation Plans can be found here:
<https://juneau.org/parks-recreation/projects>